**OIL CAPACITIES FOR SERIES HP**  
**APPROXIMATE CAPACITIES IN QUARTS AND GALLONS**

### SINGLE REDUCTION REDUCERS - FLOOR MOUNTED POSITION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNIT SIZE</th>
<th>20</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>30</th>
<th>35</th>
<th>40</th>
<th>50</th>
<th>60</th>
<th>70</th>
<th>80</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>120</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WORM OVER GEAR</td>
<td>1 Qt.</td>
<td>1 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>2 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 Gal.</td>
<td>1 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>2 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>3 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>6 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>10 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>19 Gal.</td>
<td>45 Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALT OIL LEVEL</td>
<td>½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 Qt.</td>
<td>1 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>2 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>2 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>3 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>4 Gal.</td>
<td>6 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>12 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>26 Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WORM UNDER GEAR</td>
<td>½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 Qt.</td>
<td>1 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>3 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>2 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>3 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>5 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>7 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>7 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>15 Gal.</td>
<td>30 Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VERTICAL OUTPUT SHAFT</td>
<td>1 Qt.</td>
<td>1 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>2 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>2 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>5 Gal.</td>
<td>6 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>14 Gal.</td>
<td>26 Gal.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DOUBLE REDUCTION REDUCERS - FLOOR MOUNTED POSITION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNIT SIZE</th>
<th>20</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>30</th>
<th>35</th>
<th>40</th>
<th>50</th>
<th>60</th>
<th>70</th>
<th>80</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>120</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OO-UO-VO</td>
<td>3 Qt.</td>
<td>1 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>1 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>2 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>4 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>7 Gal.</td>
<td>7 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>7 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>11 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>20 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>47 ½ Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OOS-UOS-VOS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OU-UU-VU</td>
<td>2 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 ⅔ Gal.</td>
<td>1 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>2 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>4 Gal.</td>
<td>5 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>5 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>6 Gal.</td>
<td>8 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>16 Gal.</td>
<td>30 Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OUS-UUS-VUS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OV-UV-VV</td>
<td>2 Qt.</td>
<td>1 ⅔ Gal.</td>
<td>2 Gal.</td>
<td>3 ⅓ Gal.</td>
<td>6 ⅔ Gal.</td>
<td>6 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>7 Gal.</td>
<td>9 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>18 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>34 Gal.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OVS-UVS-VVS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### GEARMOTORS & HELICAL/WORM REDUCERS - ALL POSITIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNIT SIZE</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>30</th>
<th>35</th>
<th>40</th>
<th>50</th>
<th>60</th>
<th>70</th>
<th>80</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALL MODELS MOUNTED WITH WORM UNDER GEAR</td>
<td>STANDARD SHAFT</td>
<td>2 Qt.</td>
<td>2 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>2 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>3 Gal.</td>
<td>4 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>7 Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOLLOW SHAFT</td>
<td></td>
<td>1 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>2 Gal.</td>
<td>2 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>4 Gal.</td>
<td>5 Gal.</td>
<td>9 Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL MODELS MOUNTED WITH WORM OVER GEAR</td>
<td>1 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>2 Gal.</td>
<td>2 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>4 Gal.</td>
<td>5 Gal.</td>
<td>9 Gal.</td>
<td>11 Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL MODELS MOUNTED WITH VERTICAL OUTPUT SHAFT</td>
<td>2 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>3 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>2 ¼ Qt.</td>
<td>3 Gal.</td>
<td>3 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>8 Gal.</td>
<td>10 ½ Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL MODELS MOUNTED WITH INPUT END UP</td>
<td>4 Qt.</td>
<td>1 ⅔ Gal.</td>
<td>2 ⅓ Gal.</td>
<td>3 Gal.</td>
<td>5 ¼ Gal.</td>
<td>6 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>13 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>16 Gal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL MODELS MOUNTED WITH INPUT END DOWN</td>
<td>3 ½ Qt.</td>
<td>1 Gal.</td>
<td>1 ⅔ Gal.</td>
<td>2 ⅓ Gal.</td>
<td>3 ½ Gal.</td>
<td>4 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>8 ¾ Gal.</td>
<td>10 ½ Gal.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**BEARING GREASE:**
High quality lithium base NLGI #2 or NLGI #3

**NOTES:**

**Note #1** - For a complete list of approved synthetic and mineral based oils please see our “Approved List of Lubricants” file available at [www.conedrive.com/library/userfiles/ApprovedLubrication.pdf](http://www.conedrive.com/library/userfiles/ApprovedLubrication.pdf). You can also contact Cone Drive by calling 888-994-2663.

**Note #2** - Worm gears operating at a sliding velocity in excess of 10 m/s (2,000 ft. per min.) may require force feed lubrication. For force feed lubrication recommendations, see our Product Catalog or contact our Application Engineers.

**Note #3** - If a reducer is to be operated at an input rpm other than that shown on the name plate, contact our Application Engineers for recommendations.

**Note #4** - Pour point of the oil used should be 5° C (9° F) less than the minimum ambient temperature expected. For special temperature or operating conditions, contact our Application Engineers for the proper lubrication selection.

**IMPORTANT:** Do not overfill units. Fill to center line of oil gauge or to pipe plug identified with oil level sticker. Oil capacities will vary due to mounting positions or type of gearshaft mounting used, such as solid shaft, hollow shaft or spread bearings. Each reducer is built and oil levels are set at the factory for a specific mounting position.
Cone Drive double-enveloping worm gear speed reducers are used throughout Industry to provide smooth and quiet speed reduction. When properly selected, applied and maintained, they will provide optimum performance.

**IMPORTANT:** In any applications of Cone Drive Products where breakage, damage, disconnection, any other malfunction of any drive train component, or excessive wear could result in personal injury or property damage, a fail safe device capable of stopping and holding the load in the event of such an occurrence must be incorporated after the drive train.

---

**THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS FOR YOUR PROTECTION. PLEASE READ CAREFULLY.**

1. Do not attempt to install or operate this reducer until all of these instructions are read and thoroughly understood. If you have any questions, please contact Cone Drive.

2. The horsepower or output torque capacity of this reducer and the service factor (maximum allowable operating cycle) are stamped on the reducer nameplate. These values are not to be exceeded as overloading can result in reducer failure.

3. Each reducer is specifically arranged to operate at the input speed specified on the nameplate. If the input speed is not specified by the customer, it is set up for 1750 RPM and service factor 1.0. Do not operate the reducer at speeds or under service other than specified on the nameplate without contacting Cone Drive for specific instructions on oil level location and bearing settings.

4. Do not alter the reducer without approval from Cone Drive.

5. This reducer has moving mechanical components and connected electrical devices, operating under high voltage to achieve its intended purpose. Operation and repair should only be done by qualified personnel.

6. Before servicing a speed reducer, the main electrical disconnect must be moved to and locked in the off-position. The person performing the work should post on that disconnect a warning to others not to turn on the power.

7. It is normal for the reducer to operate at a housing temperature of up to 200º F. To prevent burns, proper guards or shields must be provided by the purchaser or user to prevent personnel from touching the reducer.

8. Cone Drive products are furnished without guard covers. It is the responsibility of the purchaser or user to provide guards for all exposed shafting, couplings, sprockets, sheaves, belts, chains, clutches, and any other moving parts in accordance with current local, state and federal requirements.

9. Failure to follow the instructions contained in this bulletin may result in unit failure, property damage or personal injury.

**FINISH COAT PAINTING**

Cone Drive speed reducers are furnished with a prime coat of paint on exterior housing surfaces. The reducer should be painted with a finish coat to protect the housing exterior, particularly if subjected to outdoor service, periodic washdown or harsh environments. Mask all shafts, oil seals, tags, name plates, oil level stickers, breathers, gauges etc. before painting. (Painting seal lips can result in oil leakage.)
**INSTALLATION**

**IMPORTANT:** Unless otherwise specified on the reducer or in accompanying documentation, all Cone Drive speed reducers are shipped without oil and must be filled to the oil level gage or plug with the proper oil before start-up. See the following section on lubrication.

1. The speed reducer must be securely mounted to a rigid flat foundation or base plate. If necessary, shim under the reducer feet to provide a flat mounting surface.

2. Bolt the reducer to the foundation or mounting base using the largest diameter bolt that will fit through the foot holes of the reducer. Be sure to use a bolt in all available mounting feet holes. Mount the reducer using bolts to SAE Grade 8 or ISO Grade 8.8 minimum.

3. **SHAFT ALIGNMENT COUPLING CONNECTIONS**
   
   Recommended angular alignment to be within ½ degree and axial alignment to be within +/-0.005” unless otherwise specified by coupling manufacturer.

   **Angular Errors**
   1. Take up end float pushing in shaft ends
   2. Using thickness and feeler gauges, take readings in positions 1, 2, 3 and 4 (Fig 2).
   3. Adjust unit by shimming under feet.

   **Eccentric Errors**
   1. Place straight edge across coupling halves at points 1, 2, 3, and 4 (Fig 4). If coupling diameters are not equal, use feeler gauge equal to half the difference in diameters.
   2. If error is in vertical plane, adjust height of unit. If error is in horizontal plane, move unit transversely.

4. Couplings, sheaves and sprockets should be mounted on the reducer shafts carefully. Do not pound or hammer them onto the shafts as this will damage bearings and oil seals.

5. Sprockets and sheaves should be mounted as close to the reducer as possible and “V” belts and chains adjusted to the proper tension to keep bearing loading and shaft deflection to a minimum. Too much tension in belts and improper location of sheaves and sprockets will lead to excessive chain pull, bearing wear and shaft deflection. For specific information on chain pull capacity, shaft stress and bearing life please contact Cone Drive.

6. **NOTE:** Exposed metal parts are coated with a commercial rust inhibitor. This rust inhibitor must be removed prior to installation. Failure to do so may result in difficulty in assembling close tolerance mating components.

7. Before starting motor review motor rotation, reducer rotation and required direction of driven machine to ensure that the motor is wired for proper direction of rotation. In many instances a machine must run in one direction and failure to wire the motor properly can result in damage to the driven machine.

8. **IMPORTANT:** Fill unit to proper level with recommended oil. Grease all fittings with recommended grease (see section on lubrication). In the case of double or triple reduction reducers, be sure to fill each reduction stage to the proper oil level. **Note:** Some reducers may have been factory filled. Read all tags.

**NOTE:** All reducers are built for one mounting position, i.e.; floor mounted or wall mounted with worm vertical up or ceiling mounted, etc. If the reducer is to be mounted in any position other than the position for which it was furnished, contact Cone Drive for information on relocating oil level, grease packing bearings, etc., before start-up. If a reducer is operated in a mounting position other than the position for which it was assembled, reducer failure may occur from improper oil level or grease fitting location resulting in lack of lubrication to the gearset and bearings.

**START-UP**

1. After the reducer has been properly mounted, aligned and lubricated, it is ready for start-up.

2. Make sure driven machine is clear of all obstructions and all safety guards and covers are in place, according to appropriate local, state and federal requirements. If possible, turn motor shaft by hand to confirm drive system is operating freely and in correct direction of rotation.

3. Jog motor to confirm proper rotation.

4. Operate reducer with minimum load for approximately 15 minutes (in both directions if applicable) to seat gears, bearings, and oil seals

**OPERATION**

1. All reducers require a few hours of “run-in” under load to achieve optimum efficiency. During this initial run-in the reducer will probably run warmer than normal and draw more current than after the run-in period. Reducers operating at a very low load or speed will take much longer to run-in and even if operated continuously at low load or speed may never achieve the efficiency that they would if operated at or near their catalog rating.

2. **IMPORTANT:** Normal reducer operating temperature measured on the oil sump area of the housing should typically not exceed 100° F over ambient. Maximum operating temperature is 200° F. Excessive oil sump temperature is indicative of overloading, misalignment, or improper or marginal lubrication. Continuous operation of the reducer with the oil sump temperature above 200° F will result in breakdown of the oil and failure of the reducer.
If a reducer is to be stored or shut down for more than 60 days, it should be protected from water condensation and corrosion as follows:

Any enclosed system of gearing is subject to water condensation on the inside of the reducer caused by fluctuating ambient temperatures. This condensation can cause severe rusting of the worm and bearings which could lead to premature failure of the reducer. However, this condition can be prevented by following the recommendations outlined for various storage conditions. If the reducer is furnished with a motor, follow the motor manufacturer’s recommendations for motor preservation.

1. **Standard Shipping Procedure - Protection for Maximum Storage Duration of 60 Days.** Cone Drive speed reducers are treated inside using a rust inhibitor, the exterior is painted with one coat of primer, and all exposed shafting coated with a rust preventative prior to shipment. This procedure is intended to protect the reducers during shipment and short term inside storage for a maximum period of sixty (60) days after shipment.

2. **Long Term Storage (Indoors) for Periods up to One Year.** Proceed as in (2) with the following additions:
   3a. After filling the unit with oil, plug the breather with a pipe plug and wire the breather to the unit.
   3b. Paint the outside of the unit with a finish coat of paint. (Reducer from the factory is prime coated only.)
   3c. Coat all exposed shafting with a long term rust preventative.

3. **Long Term Storage (Outdoors) for Periods Up to One Year.** Proceed as in (2) with the following additions:
   3a. After filling the unit with oil, plug the breather with a pipe plug and wire the breather to the unit.
   3b. Paint the outside of the unit with a finish coat of paint. (Reducer from the factory is prime coated only.)
   3c. Coat all exposed shafting with a long term rust preventative.

4. **Extended Storage Periods Exceeding One Year.** Immediately after receipt of the reducer:
   4a. Apply finish paint to the exterior of the unit, excluding shafts and mounting points.
   4b. Coat all exposed unpainted surfaces with a long term rust preventative.
   4c. Place the unit in a vapor corrosion inhibitor (VCI) bag and seal the bag air tight.
   4d. Crate the unit and cover the crate to keep out water.
   4e. Purchase a spare set of oil seals to have on hand in case of leakage at start-up.

**MAINTENANCE**

1. The reducer oil levels should be checked regularly and the recommended oil added as required to maintain the proper oil level.

2. Grease fittings and internal retainers are furnished when required. They should be greased with a high quality lithium base NLGI #2 or NLGI #3 bearing grease at normal maintenance intervals depending on the duty cycle of the reducer.

3. The reducer, particularly finned areas and fan covers, should be kept clean to allow maximum heat dissipation.

4. All reducers and foundation bolts should be checked for tightness after three (3) months of service and annually thereafter.

5. If a reducer is to be repaired, contact Cone Drive for detailed instructions, drawings, parts lists, etc. If it is necessary field service is available.

6. If a reducer is to be returned, contact Cone Drive for instructions and a return material authorization (CASE) number.

**OIL CHANGE**

If an approved synthetic lubricant is used, it should be changed after 5000 hours of operation or once per year, whichever occurs first. See Cone Drive’s Approved List of Lubricants (23169) for recommended lubricants. These change intervals are recommended for units operating under favorable conditions. Where operating conditions are severe, such a rapid rise and fall in temperature of the gear case with accompanied sweating of the inside walls and resulting formation of sludge, or where operation is in moist or dusty atmospheres, or in the presence of chemical fumes or extended running at sump temperatures in excess of 180°F, it may be necessary to change the oil at intervals of one to three months. It is recommended a sampling program be established with your lubricant manufacturer where reducers are exposed to the severe operating conditions, mentioned above.

If switching to a different type of lubricant, care should be taken to thoroughly flush out all of the old lubricant before filling with new lubricant. Mixing of different lubricants can result in degraded performance or failure.
LUBRICATION DATA

Lubrication is very important for successful operation of Cone Drive gearsets and speed reducers. Inadequate lubrication can result in increased power consumption, added maintenance and gearset failure. Please review the following recommendations and the “Approved List of Lubricants” shipped with all Cone Drive gearsets and speed reducers. Cone Drive recommends only those lubricants listed or any lubricant which meets all the requirements of AGMA (American Gear Manufacturers Association) 9004-D94 “Lubrication of Industrial Enclosed Gear Drives” as it applies to double enveloping worm gearing. Use of other lubricants can result in gearset failure which will not be covered under warranty. See reducers nameplate for the recommended lubricant.

**TYPE OF OIL**
Rated performance of Cone Drive products is based on synthetic lubricants. Using a mineral oil will reduce the mechanical power and output torque ratings by 25%.

**AMBIENT TEMPERATURE**
The oils shown in Cone Drive’s Approved List of Lubricants (23169) are for use in an ambient temperature range of approximately 15° to 125°F with the low end of the range depending on the pour point of the specific oil used. If the ambient temperature will be below or above this range please contact Cone Drive for specific recommendations on proper lubricant as well as proper oil seal and shim materials.

**OIL SUMP TEMPERATURES**
The maximum recommended oil sump temperature is 200°F. Where reducers will be used at maximum ambient and full catalog rating. Contact Cone Drive for lubrication recommendations.

**SLUDGE**
It is necessary that the oil be clean and free from sludge at all times to obtain long life from a gear unit. Sludge in gear units may be caused by excessive heat, from dust and dirt and other contaminates and by the presence of moisture or chemical fumes. Therefore, every precaution should be taken to prevent water and foreign particles from entering the gear case.

**OIL LEVEL**
Cone Drive reducers are furnished with a bronze colored hex head pipe plug to indicate oil level. An oil level tag is affixed to the unit near the oil level indicator. Oil level should always be checked with the unit stopped. Estimated oil capacities for standard reducers are listed in Oil Capacity for Model HP (25172) and are shipped with all Cone Drive gearsets and reducers.

**DOUBLE AND TRIPLE REDUCTION REDUCERS**
These units utilize separate housings and are furnished with separate oil sumps. It is important that all sumps are filled to the proper oil level.

**EXTREME PRESSURE (E.P.) LUBRICANTS**
Extreme Pressure (E.P.) lubricants or cylinder oils with sulphur-phosphorus additives are not acceptable and should not be used in Cone Drive Speed reducers or worm gearing.