LUBRICATION, INSTALLATION, OPERATION & MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS FOR STAINLESS STEEL CONE DRIVE SPEED REDUCERS

Cone Drive double-enveloping worm gear speed reducers are used throughout industry to provide smooth and quiet speed reduction. When properly selected, applied and maintained, they will provide optimum performance.

IMPORTANT: In any applications of Cone Drive Products where breakage, damage, disconnection, any other malfunction of any drive train component, or excessive wear could result in personal injury or property damage, a fail safe device capable of stopping and holding the load in the event of such an occurrence must be incorporated after the drive train.

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS FOR YOUR PROTECTION. PLEASE READ CAREFULLY.

1. Do not attempt to install or operate this reducer until all of these instructions are read and thoroughly understood. If you have any questions, please contact Cone Drive.

2. The horsepower or output torque capacity of this reducer and the service factor (maximum allowable operating cycle) are documented in the product catalog. These values are not to be exceeded as overloading can result in reducer failure. Exceeding the rating and duty cycle will void the warranty. Please contact Cone Drive with any questions regarding rating and service factors.

3. Do not alter the reducer without approval from Cone Drive.

4. This reducer has moving mechanical components and connected electrical devices, operating under high voltage to achieve its intended purpose. Operation and repair should only be done by qualified personnel.

5. Before servicing a speed reducer, the main electrical disconnect must be moved to and locked in the off-position. The person performing the work should post on that disconnect a warning to others not to turn on the power.

6. It is normal for the reducer to operate at a housing temperature of up to 200° F. To prevent burns, proper guards or shields should be provided by the purchaser or user to prevent personnel from touching the reducer.

7. Cone Drive products are furnished without guard covers. It is the responsibility of the purchaser or user to provide guards for all exposed shafting, couplings, sprockets, sheaves, belts, chains, clutches, and any other moving parts in accordance with current local, state and federal requirements.

8. Failure to follow the instructions contained in this bulletin may result in unit failure, property damage or personal injury.
INSTALLATION

1. The speed reducer must be securely mounted to a rigid foundation or base plate, flat enough to mate with the underside of the reducer housing, so as to not create an unsanitary trap.

2. Bolt the reducer to the foundation or mounting base using metric bolts that correspond to the threaded holes in the reducer housing. Be sure to use a bolt in all available threaded mounting holes. Mount the reducer using bolts of minimum SAE Grade A2, Property Class 70, 304 Stainless Steel.

3. Couplings, sheaves and sprockets should be mounted on the reducer shafts carefully. Do not pound or hammer them onto the shafts as this will damage bearings and oil seals. Angular and axial alignment of the output shaft to the rotating machine interface is critical to prevent premature output seal leaks.

4. Sprockets and sheaves should be mounted as close to the reducer as possible and "V" belts and chains adjusted to the proper tension to keep bearing loading and shaft deflection to a minimum. Too much tension in belts and improper location of sheaves and sprockets will lead to excessive chain pull, bearing wear and shaft deflection. For specific information on chain pull capacity, shaft stress and bearing life please contact Cone Drive.

5. Before starting motor review motor rotation, reducer rotation and required direction of driven machine to ensure that the motor is wired for proper direction of rotation. In many instances a machine must run in one direction and failure to wire the motor properly can result in damage to the driven machine.

6. Note: only use the approved lubricants if oil level top-off is necessary, as the factory filled PAG oil is not compatible with other oil types. Stainless steel speed reducers ship factory filled with oil and grease. For lubrication guidelines, see the Approved Lubricants and Lubrication Quantities tables in the maintenance section.

7. The speed reducer must be securely mounted to a rigid flat foundation or base plate, either directly to the speed reducer or via the provided mounting feet. Note: stainless steel speed reducers are built for universal mounting, ready to mount in any position.

START-UP

1. After the reducer has been properly mounted, aligned and lubricated, it is ready for start-up.

2. Make sure driven machine is clear of all obstructions and all safety guards and covers are in place, according to appropriate local, state and federal requirements. If possible, turn motor shaft by hand to confirm drive system is operating freely and in correct direction of rotation.

3. Jog motor to confirm proper rotation.

4. Operate reducer with minimum load for approximately 15 minutes (in both directions if applicable) to seat gears, bearings, and oil seals.

OPERATION

1. All reducers require a few hours of “run-in” under load to achieve optimum efficiency. During this initial run-in the reducer will probably run warmer than normal and draw more current than after the run-in period.Reducers operating at a very low load or speed will take much longer to run-in and even if operated continuously at low load or speed may never achieve the efficiency that they would if operated at or near their catalog rating.

2. IMPORTANT: Normal reducer operating temperature measured at the oil sump area of the housing should not exceed 200° F. Excessive oil sump temperature is indicative of overloading, misalignment, or improper or marginal lubrication. Continuous operation of the reducer with the oil sump temperature above 200° F will result in premature breakdown of the oil and reduce the useful life of the reducer or result in premature failure.

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Cone Drive
MAINTENANCE

1. All reducers and foundation bolts should be checked for tightness after three (3) months of service and annually thereafter.
2. If a reducer is to be repaired, contact Cone Drive for detailed instructions, drawings, parts lists, etc. If it is necessary field service is available.
3. If a reducer is to be returned, contact Cone Drive for instructions and a return material authorization (CASE) number.

LUBRICATION
Stainless steel reducers are factory filled with a high quality food-grade synthetic lubricant. They are “Lubricated for Life” and require no routine maintenance in service. In the event of a major overhaul involving strip-down and reassembly of the gear unit, refer to Table 1 for a list of approved lubricants. Lubricant quantities are given in Tables 2 & 3.

If switching to the alternative lubricant, care should be taken to thoroughly flush out all of the old lubricant before filling with new lubricant. Mixing of different lubricants can result in degraded performance or failure.

Table 1 Approved Lubricants
These Polyalkylene Glycol based synthetic lubricants are suitable for ambient temperatures of -10°F to 200°F (-23°C to -93°C); outside of this, please contact our Application Engineers.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUPPLIER</th>
<th>OIL SUPPLIERS’ CORRESPONDING DESIGNATIONS</th>
<th>ISO VISCOSITY GRADE/POUR POINT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kluber Lubrication</td>
<td>Klubersynth Synthetic UH1 6-460</td>
<td>460 (-22°F, -30°C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exxon Mobil Corporation</td>
<td>Synthetic Glygoyle 460</td>
<td>460 (-27°F, -33°C)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2 Lubricant Quantities
Applicable for any mounting position:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MOTORIZED or REDUCER</th>
<th>SIZE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>F039</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Capacity</td>
<td>Quarts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Liters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.26</td>
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</tbody>
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STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CONE DRIVE SPEED REDUCERS
Cone Drive stainless steel speed reducers are fully corrosion resistant with an electro-polished coating which does not require a rust inhibitor. For extended storage periods of up to one year, rotate the worm and gearshaft every 90 days to keep the seals from sticking to the shaft. For storage periods exceeding one year, purchase a spare set of oil seals to have on hand in case of leaking at start-up.

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
The oils shown in the Approved Lubricants table are for use in an ambient temperature range of approximately -10°F to 200°F with the low end of the range depending on the pour point of the specific oil used. If the ambient temperature will be below or above this range, please contact Cone Drive for specific recommendations on proper lubricant as well as proper oil seal materials.

Lubrication is very important for successful operation of Cone Drive gearsets and speed reducers. Please review these lubrication recommendations and maintenance guidelines, as inadequate lubrication can result in increased power consumption, added maintenance, and gearset failure. Cone Drive recommends only the listed lubricants as the use of other lubricants can result in gearset failure which will not be covered under warranty and may not conform to food grade standards.
OIL SEAL REPLACEMENT INSTRUCTIONS

IF THE INPUT OIL SEALS REQUIRE REPLACEMENT:
• UNINSTALL REDUCER
• DRAIN LUBRICANT
• REMOVE EXTERIOR COMPONENTS (MOTOR ADAPTER BELL, QUILL, ETC.)
  » M62 quill removal
    • Detach motor adapter bell
    • Use 2/3 Jaw Gear Puller to remove quill
  » M66 quill removal
    • Use 2/3 Jaw Gear Puller to remove quill
    • Detach motor adapter bell
• REMOVE SEALS
  » Be careful not to scratch housing or shaft, or create fragments that could enter reducer as damage or penetration could result in potential leaks and failure
• INSTALL REPLACEMENT SEALS
  » Press-up seals evenly and carefully to avoid damage to the seal and reducer components
• RE-PRESS QUILL ONTO INPUT SHAFT
  » Dead end of shaft must be reacted to avoid damage to reducer components
  » For single-extended shafts the bore plug must be removed to support the shaft, then reinstalled
• FLUSH AND REFILL THE REDUCER WITH AN APPROVED LUBRICANT (SEE TABLE 1 AND 2)
• REATTACH MOTOR ADAPTER BELL
• REINSTALL REDUCER

IF THE OUTPUT OIL SEALS REQUIRE REPLACEMENT:
• UNINSTALL REDUCER
• DRAIN LUBRICANT
• REMOVE EXTERIOR COMPONENTS (OUTPUT FLANGE)
• REMOVE SEALS
  » Be careful not to scratch housing or shaft, or create fragments that could enter reducer as damage or penetration could result in potential leaks and failure
• INSTALL REPLACEMENT SEALS
  » Press-up seals evenly and carefully to avoid damage to the seal and reducer components
• FLUSH AND REFILL THE REDUCER WITH AN APPROVED LUBRICANT (SEE TABLE 1 AND 2)
• REATTACH EXTERIOR COMPONENTS
• REINSTALL REDUCER